A Report On Autumn 2023 Writing

At the end of this unit of work pupil will understand the genre of a report and will have produced a report on autumn.

Pupils will be able to understand new vocabulary: meteorological, abnormal, hibernation, migrate, harvest,

Disciplinary Knowledge: formation and punctuation of questions, use of adjectives to describe autumn visually, write in paragraphs accurately, using a thesaurus accurately, identification of nouns, identifying and using accurate punctuation such as full stops, commas and capital letters (not for seasons).

Substantive Knowledge: spokes on a wheel plan, adjective use, synonyms, recitation of rhymes and poems to gather information to use in our report.

Tier 2 Vocabulary weather Tier 1 Vocabulary autumn leaves winter **Tier 3 Vocabulary** trees summer conker equinox spring seeds migration seasons red hibernation Crimson yellow meteorological mahogany months temperature Golden September anomaly Nature October abnormal Bare November astronomical Vivid Brown thermometer Vibrant Orange degrees Celsius **Blustery** chlorophyll Smooth Flaming Shiny Russet Cold Scarlet darkness

Lesson:	Vocabulary	Key Questions and Focus Of The Lesson	Fundamental Principles And Teaching Techniques: to ensure that work is of a high standard from all pupils.
	abnormal, weather,	Introduction of genre and focus on autumn- why are we looking at this? Discuss the abnormal weather- highlight spelling- who else thought it was strange? why?	Clear expectations for listening –
	anomaly	Treative ingline printing time died the agent it med en anger inny	repeating and
	astronomical	Discuss audience and purpose of the report- why are we writing this? who is this for?- look at	learning the
	meterological weather	reports of the last heatwave (history- to be remembered in years to come)!	information. Clear bite-size
1	temperature	Look at spokes on a wheel (this is how write a report). explain features and how it helps us to write. What would happen if we didn't have a plan?- explicit explanation.	instruction and explanation from the teacher using
		Children to write their own plan for their report:	parts of video's
		para 1 introduction (middle of wheel)- defining autumn (use answers from our questions)	where
		para 2 science (what happens in autumn concerning animals, nature)	appropriate.
		para 3 beauty of autumn (describing using our poems, rhymes,	Behave from all
		para 4- conclusion (separate- not on the wheel) (ending with rhetorical question)	pupils is exemplary and
2	informative information description,	discuss the differences between the science of autumn and the beauty of autumn Look through autumn powerpoint and information. How do we know what we would put in our science paragraph or our descriptive paragraph.	comments are made on sitting and listening.
2	descriptive	Look through the information and model thinking whether one bit of information is descriptive or informative. Our informative information will go in our scientific paragraph and our descriptive information will go in our beauty paragraph.	Bite sized chunks of knowledge making time for repetition
3	How, what , where, why, when, can you?	recap prior learning of questions, how do we know it is a question in text? how do we know it's a question in speech (intonation)- modelled. Look closely at punctuation and explain to children why we have it. What question words are used when asking questions?	discussion and

4	Do you? is there? harvest, diet, celebrations, nature, astronomical meteorological anomaly temperature weather season deciduous tree hibernation migration autumn equinox	Look through PPT at pictures from autumn. Can we think of questions we could ask about the pictures?- scaffold by having question words/phrases on the board to choose from. T to What would we like to know about autumn so we can include in our report? Chn to use partners to formulate questions and share with class. T to model some on the board. Children to write questions in their book. Use research and answers to find answers for paragraph one Time to recap the statements collected based on our questions- look back at the plan, do we have the statements we need for the first paragraph? Does it explain what a season it? when autumn is? Watch https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/class-clips-video/how-autumn-weather-affects-the-behaviour-of-british-animals-and-plants/z6h6nrd and collect facts that are shown (animals hunting and storing food, shorter days with less daylight, heavy rain swells rivers and causes flooding, deciduous trees shed leaves making food for worms/fungi). Read factfile (made by EE) to find out more scientific facts. Underline new keywords with coloured pencil- explain this will help us to find information that we have already read quickly. Children to collect facts they want to use and write on spokes on a wheel in note form. T. to model this on the board first- including thinking aloud about which fact we want to pick and having our	rehearsing in pairs. Emphasis on learning and exploring key vocabulary. Writing of date and modelling of key letters e.g. in January. Demonstration and insistence on high standards of construction and presentation Finger under words to copy words — insist accurate. The vocabulary is broken down, it is
5	adjective synonym red, brown, orange, golden, smooth, shiny, cold, wet, colourful, bare,	· ·	The vocabulary is

	1	
	Cline,	Clines- Using to synonyms found yesterday, T to teach explicitly about effectiveness of words. Why
6	effectiveness	would we want to use wet instead of cold when we could use words such as brisk?
		T to model using a cline and show how it orders words from most effective to least. This will help us
		choose better words in our descriptive paragraph.
		Chn to use Clines to sort synonyms by effectiveness.
	cumulatively	Write our introduction by recapping our statements made (photocopy for chn who struggle looking
	re-read,	back in book) T to model how to use the word mat. T to model using a range of sentence starters
	punctuation,	from the word mat- how to we use these? Should it all sound the same?
	sense,	
		T to explain the process of writing and remind how we should all re-read our sentence after
7		completing it, asking ourselves the important questions- does it make sense? CL and . ? are
		keywords spelt correctly?
		T to point out the conjunction on the word mat and how these extend our sentences- can we use
		these to make our sentences longer.
		Move onto our Science Of Autumn paragraph. Using the facts we collected onto the spokes, can
		we write a full paragraph explaining to others, the science of autumn.
		we write a rail paragraph explaining to others, the science of datarini.
•		T to walk around and think aloud about including different information onf hibernation, migration,
8		meteorological changes such the drop in temperatures and astronomical changes such as the
		autumn equinox and the shorter days.
		remind chn to re-read after every sentence to spot mistakes.
	Some people,	Discuss opinion and facts to children- explain that in our conclusion we will explain what
	others think	some people think and then what others think. We will end on asking the reader a question
9		that they can't answer us back- this is a rhetorical question.
		Draft our short conclusion
		Use the lesson to provide feedback to children on their writing- did we use a range of
10		conjunctions? Did we find facts that were appropriate and teach the reader (link to purpose of
		report).

	Chn check and edit their work before writing up in neat.
11	Write work up in neat and sketch autumn art pictures to go with writing

Autumn nouns	Autumn Adjectives and synonyms	
acorn	smooth-	smooth
apples	shiny-	sleek
bee	crinkly-	polished
birds	crunchy-	shiny
blackberries	cold- brisk	glimmering
breeze	golden-	lustrous
coat	changing- transforming,	glossy
conker	bright- vivid, vibrant	gleaming
darkness	yellow- amber, saffron	sparkling
drizzled	windy- blustery,	crackly
equinox	red- russet, scarlet, flaming	crunchy
festival		crispy
fields		glowing
fireworks	*impressive higher level words*	luminous
geese	resplendent- brightly coloured in an impressive way	golden
gingerbread	invigorating	glittering
gloves	kaleidoscopic	luscious
hay bales		ripe
hedgehog		succulent
hedgerow		dazzling
hot chocolate		windy
leaves		blustery
pumpkins		gusty
rain		windswept
rake		rainy
river		drizzly

scarf	stormy
season	radiant
soup	bright
squirrel	vivid
sunshine	vibrant
trees	flaming
weather	crimson
wind	bitter
	bleak
	brisk
	frosty
	raw
	bare
	exposed
	chilly
	resplendent
	magnificant
	maroon
	copper
	claret
	burnished
	russet
	brown
	bronze
	barren
	arid
	desolate
	stark
	chocolate
	mahogany